

2005

COMPANIES ACT 1963 TO 1999
COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE
AND NOT HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

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COMPANIES REGISTRATION OFFICE	

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
OF

DIGITAL RIGHTS IRELAND LIMITED

1. The name of the Company is DIGITAL RIGHTS IRELAND LIMITED.
2. The objects for which the Company is established are;
 - (a) The promotion and protection of digital rights in Ireland, including but not limited to
 - a. The minimisation of state interference in citizens' activities relating to computers and all other devices which process information and/or facilitate communication by processing information digitally, whether used singly or as part of a network.
 - b. The advancement of citizens' rights, including rights to privacy including rights recognised by Irish, European and public or private International law.
 - c. The promotion of sound electronic and digital systems to promote the strengthening of democracy in Ireland. As a corollary of this, the Company will critically resist unsound electronic or digital systems that would undermine or weaken democracy in Ireland.
 - d. The assertion of citizens' rights to improve, examine and/ or discuss any electronic and/or telematic and/ or digital product they have legitimately purchased.
 - e. The assertion of citizen's rights to fair use of their media, howsoever received or stored.
 - (b) To work in cooperation and coalition with any and all such organisations who may from time to time share our aims and goals as the Council of the Company deems appropriate.



- (c)
 - (i) To promote public and political awareness of issues problems, including legislative issues and problems, related to digital or telecommunications issues- through co-ordination of the activities of concerned and/or prominent members of disparate digital and communications groups and others, publicity (including the maintenance of an Internet site), education, campaigning, protest action and litigation.
 - (ii) To oppose bad legislation, including failure to comply with European or Human Rights or other legislation, through co-ordination of the activities of concerned and/or prominent members of disparate digital and communications groups and others, publicity, (including the maintenance of an Internet site), education campaigning, protest action, action under the planning acts and litigation.
 - (d) To apply to and for the purposes and objects of the Company or any of them, any proceeds, profits or income of any of the undertakings, investments, or dealings carried out on, under or by virtue of any or all of the objects of the Company.
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- (e) To borrow or raise money for the purposes of the Company, and to secure the same in such manner as may be thought fit, and in particular by the issue of Bonds, Debentures, and Debenture Stock perpetual or otherwise, in such manner, upon and subject to such conditions as the Company shall think fit.
 - (f) To draw, make, accept, endorse, negotiate, discount and execute promissory notes, bills of exchange, and other negotiable or transferable instruments for the purpose of the Company, and to redeem, purchase or pay off any such securities.
 - (g) To obtain all such licences, permits, orders and authorities as from time to time may be required by law for carrying into effect any of the objects of the Company. In particular, the company may undertake any action required to become an Internet Service Provider including but not limited to the ability to excavate public or private lands under any licence required.

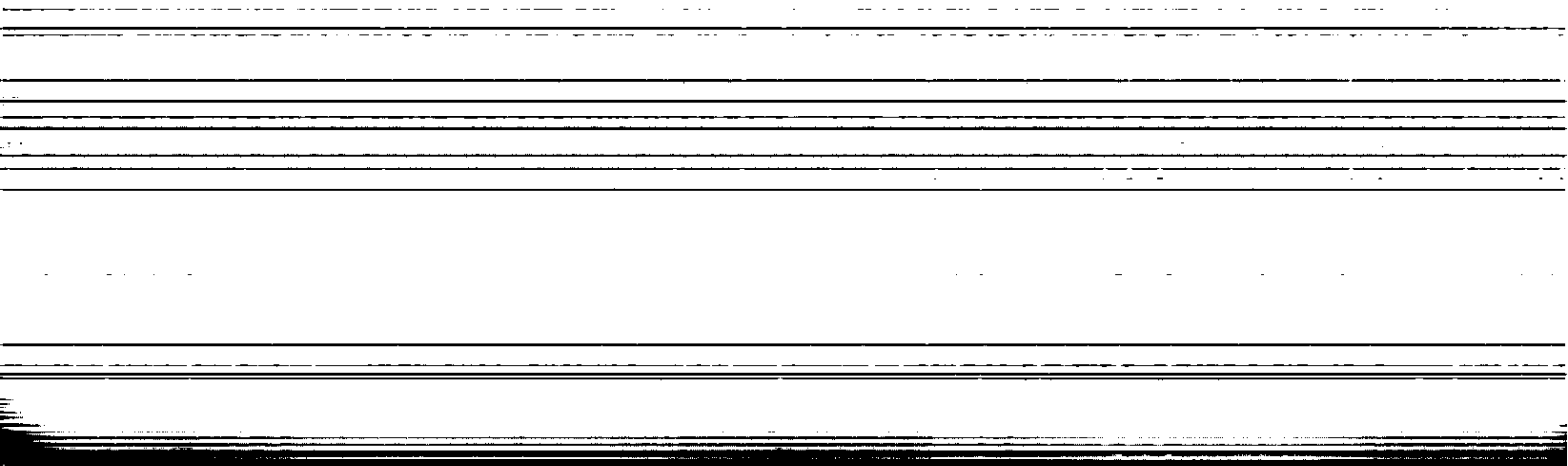


- (h) To improve, manage, cultivate, develop, exchange, let on lease or otherwise, mortgage, sell, dispose of, turn to account, grant rights and privileges in respect of, or otherwise deal with all or any part of the property, rights and assets of the Company for such consideration as the Company may think fit.
 - (i) To invest and deal with the monies of the Company not immediately required for the purpose of the business of the Company in or upon such securities and in such manner as may from time to time be determined.
 - (j) To sell or otherwise dispose of the whole or any part of the assets or undertaking of the Company, including its freehold or leasehold property, either together or in portions for such consideration as the Company may think fit, and in particular for shares, debentures or securities of any Company purchasing the same.
 - (k) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire, any freehold, leasehold, or other property for any estate or interest whatever and any rights or privileges which may be deemed necessary, advantageous or convenient for the purposes of the Company, and in particular any hereditaments, land, buildings, factories, plant, machinery and any real or personal property or rights whatsoever.
 - (l) To remunerate any officer or employee of the Company or any other person or company for services rendered or to be rendered to the Company.
 - (m) To do such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects or as are calculated to enhance the value and beneficial advantage of the Company.
3. The property and income of the Company from whatever source derived shall be applied solely towards the promotion of the objects of the Company as set forth in this Memorandum of Association and no portion thereof shall be paid or transferred directly or indirectly by way of dividend, bonus or otherwise howsoever by way of profits to the members of the Company.



Provided that nothing herein contained shall prevent the payment in good faith of remuneration to any executive officer or servant of the Company.

4. The liability of the members is limited.
 5. Every member of the Company undertakes to contribute to the assets of the Company in the event of its being wound up while he is a member or within one year afterwards for payment of the debts and liabilities of the Company contracted before he ceased to be a member and the costs, charges and expenses of winding up and for the adjustment of the rights of contributories among themselves such amount as may be required, not exceeding one ~~pound~~ *Euro*.
 6. No person shall be admitted to membership of the Company other than the subscribers hereto and such persons who are permitted by the directors to be so admitted.
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We, the several persons whose names, addresses and descriptions are subscribed wish to be formed into a Company in pursuance of this Memorandum

Names, Addresses & Description of Subscribers

Bernard Goldbach

Bernard Goldbach, Melifont, Carrigrohane, County Tipperary, lecturer

TS MCINTYRE

23 MILLTOWN MALL,

MT. ST. ANNES, DUBLIN 6.

UNIVERSITY LECTURER

DAMIAN MULLEY, 38 Maryville, Ballintemple, Cork. Technical Writer Damian Mulley

NOIRIN PLUNKETT, 15 TREES RD, MT MERRION, CO DUBLIN, STUDENT

N Plunkett

Antoin O'Leary - 22, Le Grand Canal St., Dublin 2. Consultant.

Jergus Cooney, WOODSIDE, KILLALISH, KILTEGAN, CO WICKLOW, Journalist

Colin Mac Carthaigh, 25 Claign Park, Ballyfermot. Network Engineer

Dee Heenan, 10 GLEN GROVE, COCKING, DUBLIN 15. Legal Secretary

DATED this 17th day of October 2005.

Witness to the above Signatures:

SIMON MCGARR

Simon McGarr, Trainee Solicitor, McGarr Solicitors

34/35 Wicklow St

Dublin 2



;

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2005

COMPANIES ACT, 1963 TO ~~1999~~
COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE AND NOT HAVING A
SHARE CAPITAL

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
DIGITAL RIGHTS IRELAND LIMITED

Interpretation.

1. In these articles:—

"the Act" means the Companies Act, 1963 (No. 33 of 1963);

"the directors" means the directors for the time being of the company or the directors present at a meeting of the board of directors and includes any person occupying the position of director by whatever name called;

"secretary" means any person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company;

"the seal" means the common seal of the company;

"the office" means the registered office for the time being of the company.

Expressions referring to writing shall, unless the contrary intention appears, be construed as including references to printing, lithography, photography and any other modes of representing or reproducing words in a visible form.

Unless the contrary intention appears, words or expressions contained in these articles shall bear the same meaning as in the Act or any statutory modification thereof in force at the date at which these articles become binding on the company.

Members.



2. The number of members with which the company proposes to be registered is ~~100~~⁸, but the directors may from time to time register an increase of members.

3. The subscribers to the memorandum of association and such other persons as the directors shall admit to membership shall be members of the company.

General Meetings.

4. All general meetings of the company shall be held in the State.

5. (1) Subject to paragraph (2), the company shall in each year hold a general meeting as its annual general meeting in addition to any other meetings in that year and shall specify the meeting as such in the notices calling it; and not more than 15 months shall elapse between the date of one annual general meeting of the company and that of the next.

(2) So long as the company holds its first annual general meeting within 18 months of its incorporation, it need not hold it in the year of its incorporation or in the following year. Subject to article 4, the annual general meeting shall be held at such time and at such place in the State as the directors shall appoint.

6. All general meetings other than annual general meetings shall be called extraordinary general meetings.

7. The directors may, whenever they think fit, convene an extraordinary general meeting and extraordinary general meetings shall also be convened on such requisition, or, in default, may be convened by such requisitionists, as provided by section 132 of the Act. If at any time there are not within the State sufficient directors capable of acting to form a quorum, any director or any two members of the company may convene an extraordinary general meeting in the same manner as nearly as possible as that in which meetings may be convened by the directors.

Notice of General Meetings.

8. Subject to sections 133 and 141 of the Act, an annual general meeting and a meeting called for the passing of a special resolution shall be called



by 21 days' notice in writing at the least, and a meeting of the company (other than an annual general meeting or a meeting for the passing of a special resolution) shall be called by 14 days' notice in writing at the least. The notice shall be exclusive of the day on which it is served or deemed to be served and of the day for which it is given and shall specify the place, the day and the hour of meeting and, in the case of special business, the general nature of that business and shall be given, in manner hereinafter mentioned, to such persons as are, under the articles of the company, entitled to receive such notices from the company.

9. The accidental omission to give notice of a meeting to, or the non-receipt of notice of a meeting by, any person entitled to receive notice shall not invalidate the proceedings at that meeting.

Proceedings at General Meetings.

10. All business shall be deemed special that is transacted at an extraordinary general meeting, and also all that is transacted at an annual general meeting with the exception of declaring a dividend, the consideration of the accounts, balance sheets and the reports of the directors and auditors, the election of directors in the place of those retiring, the re-appointment of the retiring auditors, and the fixing of the remuneration of the auditors.

11. No business shall be transacted at any general meeting unless a quorum of members is present at the time when the meeting proceeds to business; save as herein otherwise provided, three members present in person shall be a quorum.

12. If within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting, if convened upon the requisition of members, shall be dissolved; in any other case it shall stand adjourned to the same day in the next week at the same time and place, or to such other day and at such other time and place as the directors may determine, and if at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour from the time appointed for the meeting, the members present shall be a quorum.

13. The chairman, if any, of the board of directors shall preside as chairman at every general meeting of the company, or if there is no such chairman, or if he is not present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for the



holding of the meeting or is unwilling to act, the directors present shall elect one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

14. If at any meeting no director is willing to act as chairman or if no director is present within 15 minutes after the time appointed for holding the meeting, the members present shall choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

15. The chairman may with the consent of any meeting at which a quorum is present (and shall, if so directed by the meeting), adjourn the meeting from time to time and from place to place, but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting from which the adjournment took place. When a meeting is adjourned for 30 days or more, notice of the adjourned meeting shall be given as in the case of an original meeting. Save as aforesaid, it shall not be necessary to give any notice of an adjournment or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting.

16. At any general meeting a resolution put to the vote of the meeting shall be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is (before or on the declaration of the result of the show of hands) demanded—

(a) by the chairman; or

(b) by at least three members present in person or by proxy; or

(c) by any member or members present in person or by proxy and representing not less than one-tenth of the total voting rights of all the members having the right to vote at the meeting.

Unless a poll is so demanded, a declaration by the chairman that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried unanimously or by a particular majority or lost, and an entry to that effect in the book containing the minutes of proceedings of the company shall be conclusive evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against such resolution.

The demand for a poll may be withdrawn.



17. Except as provided in article 19, if a poll is duly demanded it shall be taken in such manner as the chairman directs and the result of the poll shall be deemed to be the resolution of the meeting at which the poll was demanded.

18. Where there is an equality of votes, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, the chairman of the meeting at which the show of hands takes place or at which the poll is demanded, shall be entitled to a second or casting vote.

19. A poll demanded on the election of a chairman, or on a question of adjournment shall be taken forthwith. A poll demanded on any other question shall be taken at such time as the chairman of the meeting directs, and any business other than that upon which a poll has been demanded may be proceeded with pending the taking of the poll.

20. Subject to section 141 of the Act, a resolution in writing signed by all the members for the time being entitled to attend and vote on such resolution at a general meeting (or being bodies corporate by their duly authorised representatives) shall be as valid and effective for all purposes as if the resolution had been passed at a general meeting of the company duly convened and held, and if described as a special resolution shall be deemed to be a special resolution within the meaning of the Act.

Votes of Members.

21. Every member shall have one vote.

22. A member of unsound mind, or in respect of whom an order has been made by any court having jurisdiction in lunacy, may vote, whether on a show of hands or on a poll, by his committee, receiver, guardian, or other person appointed by that court, and any such committee, receiver, guardian, or other person may vote by proxy on a show of hands or on a poll.

23. No member shall be entitled to vote at any general meeting unless all moneys immediately payable by him to the company have been paid.

24. No objection shall be raised to the qualification of any voter except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is given or tendered, and every vote not disallowed at such meeting shall be valid for



all purposes. Any such objection made in due time shall be referred to the chairman of the meeting whose decision shall be final and conclusive.

25. Votes may be given either personally or by proxy.

26. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be in writing under the hand of the appointed or of his attorney duly authorised in writing, or, if the appointed is a body corporate, either under seal or under the hand of an officer or attorney duly authorised. A proxy need not be a member of the company.

27. The instrument appointing a proxy and the Power of attorney or other authority, if any, under which it is signed or a notarially certified copy of that power or authority shall be deposited at the office or at such other place within the State as is specified for that purpose in the notice convening the meeting not less than 48 hours before the time for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the person named in the instrument proposes to vote, or, in the case of a poll, not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for the taking of the poll, and in default the instrument of proxy shall not be treated as valid.

28. An instrument appointing a proxy shall be in the following form or a form as near thereto as circumstances permit—

"

Limited.

I/We,.....
.....

of.....
.....

in the County of

.....,
being a member/members of the above-named company, hereby
appoint.....
.....



of.....
.....

or failing
him,.....
.....

of.....
.....

as my/our proxy to vote of me/us on my/our behalf at the (annual or extra-ordinary, as the case may be) general meeting of the company to be held on day of, ~~19~~..... and at any adjournment thereof.

Signed this..... day of....., ~~19~~.....

This form is to be used * the resolution. Unless otherwise instructed, the proxy will vote as he thinks fit.

"

29. The instrument appointing a proxy shall be deemed to confer authority to demand or join in demanding a poll.

30. A vote given in accordance with the terms of an instrument of proxy shall be valid notwithstanding the previous death or insanity of the principal or revocation of the proxy or of the authority under which the proxy was executed, if no intimation in writing of such death, insanity or revocation as aforesaid is received by the company at the office before the commencement of the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the proxy is used.

Bodies Corporate acting by Representatives at Meetings.

31. Any body corporate which is a member of the company may by resolution of its directors or other governing body authorise such person as it thinks fit to act as its representative at any meeting of the company, and the person so authorised shall be entitled to exercise the same powers on



behalf of the body corporate which he represents as that body corporate could exercise if it were an individual member of the company.

Directors.

32. The number of the directors and the names of the first directors shall be determined in writing by the subscribers of the memorandum of association or a majority of them.

33. The remuneration of the directors shall from time to time be determined by the company in general meeting. Such remuneration shall be deemed to accrue from day to day. The directors may also be paid all travelling, hotel and other expenses properly incurred by them in attending and returning from meetings of the directors or any committee of the directors or general meetings of the company or in connection with the business of the company.

Borrowing Powers.

34. The directors may exercise all the powers of the company to borrow money and to mortgage or charge its undertaking and property or any part thereof, and to issue debentures, debenture stock and other securities, whether outright or as security for any debt, liability or obligation of the company or of any third party.

Powers and Duties of Directors.

35. The business of the company shall be managed by the directors, who may pay all expenses incurred in promoting and registering the company, and may exercise all such powers of the company as are not by the Act or by these articles required to be exercised by the company in general meeting, subject nevertheless to the provisions of the Act and of these articles and to such directions, being not inconsistent with the aforesaid provisions, as may be given by the company in general meeting: but no direction given by the company in general meeting shall invalidate any prior act of the directors which would have been valid if that direction had not been given.

36. The directors may from time to time and at any time by power of attorney appoint any company, firm or person or body of persons, whether



nominated directly or indirectly by the directors, to be the attorney or attorneys of the company for such purposes and with such powers, authorities and discretions (not exceeding those vested in or exercisable by the directors under these articles) and for such period and subject to such conditions as they may think fit, and any such powers of attorney may contain such provisions for the protection and convenience of persons dealing with any such attorney as the directors may think fit, and may also authorise any such attorney to delegate all or any of the powers, authorities and discretions vested in him.

37. All cheques, promissory notes, drafts, bills of exchange and other negotiable instruments, and all receipts for moneys paid to the company, shall be signed, drawn, accepted, endorsed or otherwise executed, as the case may be, by such person or persons and in such manner as the directors shall from time to time by resolution determine.

38. The directors shall cause minutes to be made in books provided for the purpose—

(a) of all appointments of officers made by the directors;.

(b) of the names of the directors present at each meeting of the directors and of any committee of the directors;.

(c) of all resolutions and proceedings at all meetings of the company, and of the directors and of committees of directors.

Disqualification of Directors.

39. The office of director shall be vacated if the director—

(a) without the consent of the company in general meeting holds any other office or place of profit under the company; or

(b) is adjudged bankrupt in the State or in Northern Ireland or Great Britain or makes any arrangement or composition with his creditors generally; or

(c) becomes prohibited from being a director by reason of any order made under section 184 of the Act; or



(d) becomes of unsound mind; or

(e) resigns his office by notice in writing to the company; or

(f) is convicted of an indictable offence unless the directors otherwise determine; or

(g) is directly or indirectly interested in any contract with the company and fails to declare the nature of his interest in manner required by section 194 of the Act.

Voting on Contracts.

40. A director may vote in respect of any contract in which he is interested or any matter arising thereout.

Rotation of Directors.

41. At the first annual general meeting of the company, all the directors shall retire from office and at the annual general meeting in every subsequent year one-third of the directors for the time being, or, if their number is not three or a multiple of three, then the number nearest one-third, shall retire from office.

42. The directors to retire in every year shall be those who have been longest in office since the last election, but as between persons who became directors on the same day, those to retire shall (unless they otherwise agree amongst themselves) be determined by lot.

43. A retiring director shall be eligible for re-election.

44. The company, at the meeting at which a director retires in manner aforesaid, may fill the vacated office by electing a person thereto, and in default the retiring director shall, if offering himself for re-election, be deemed to have been re-elected, unless at such meeting it is expressly resolved not to fill such vacated office or unless a resolution for there election of such director has been put to the meeting and lost.



45. No person other than a director retiring at the meeting shall, unless recommended by the directors, be eligible for election to the office of director at any general meeting unless, not less than 3 nor more than 21 days before the date appointed for the meeting, there has been left at the office notice in writing, signed by a member duly qualified to attend and vote at the meeting for which such notice is given, of his intention to propose such a person for election, and also notice in writing signed by that person of his willingness to be elected.

46. The company may from time to time by ordinary resolution increase or reduce the number of directors, and may also determine in what rotation the increased or reduced number is to go out of office.

47. The directors shall have power at any time, and from time to time, to appoint any person to be a director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an addition to the existing directors, but so that the total number of directors shall not at any time exceed the number fixed in accordance with these articles. Any director so appointed shall hold office only until the next annual general meeting, and shall then be eligible for re-election, but shall not be taken into account in determining the directors who are to retire by rotation at such meeting.

48. The company may by ordinary resolution of which extended notice has been given in accordance with section 142 of the Act remove any director before the expiration of his period of office, notwithstanding anything in these articles or in any agreement between the company and such director. Such removal shall be without prejudice to any claim such director may have for damages for breach of any contract of service between him and the company.

49. The company may by ordinary resolution appoint another person in place of a director removed from office under article 48. Without prejudice to the powers of the directors under article 47, the company in general meeting may appoint any person to be a director, either to fill a casual vacancy or as an additional director. A person appointed in place of a director so removed or to fill such a vacancy shall be subject to retirement at the same time as if he had become a director on the day on which the director in whose place he is appointed was last elected a director.

Proceedings of Directors.



50. The directors may meet together for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. Questions arising at any meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes. Where there is an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote. A director may, and the secretary on the requisition of a director shall, at any time summon a meeting of the directors. If the directors so resolve it shall not be necessary to give notice of a meeting of directors to any director who being resident in the State is for the time being absent from the State.

51. The quorum necessary for the transaction of the business of the directors may be fixed by the directors, and unless so fixed shall be two.

52. The continuing directors may act notwithstanding any vacancy in their number but, if and so long as their number is reduced below the number fixed by or pursuant to the articles of the company as the necessary quorum of directors, the continuing directors or director may act for the purpose of increasing the number of directors to that number or of summoning a general meeting of the company, but for no other purpose.

53. The directors may elect a chairman of their meetings and determine the period for which he is to hold office; but, if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within 5 minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the directors present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

54. The directors may delegate any of their powers to committees consisting of such member or members of the board as they think fit; any committee so formed shall, in the exercise of the powers so delegated, conform to any regulations that may be imposed on it by the directors.

55. A committee may elect a chairman of its meetings; if no such chairman is elected, or if at any meeting the chairman is not present within 5 minutes after the time appointed for holding the same, the members present may choose one of their number to be chairman of the meeting.

56. A committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper. Questions arising at any meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present, and when there is an equality of votes, the chairman shall have a second or casting vote.



57. All acts done by any meeting of the directors or of a committee of directors or by any person acting as a director shall, notwithstanding that it is afterwards discovered that there was some defect in the appointment of any such director or person acting as aforesaid, or that they or any of them were disqualified, be as valid as if every such person had been duly appointed and was qualified to be a director.

58. A resolution in writing, signed by all the directors for the time being entitled to receive notice of a meeting of the directors, shall be as valid as if it had been passed at a meeting of the directors duly convened and held.

Secretary.

59. The secretary shall be appointed by the directors for such term and at such remuneration and upon such conditions as they may think fit; and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them.

60. A provision of the Act or these articles requiring or authorising a thing to be done by or to a director and the secretary shall not be satisfied by its being done by or to the same person acting both as director and as, or in place of, the secretary.

The Seal.

61. The seal shall be used only by the authority of the directors or of a committee of directors authorised by the directors in that behalf, and every instrument to which the seal shall be affixed shall be signed by a director and shall be countersigned by the secretary or by a second director or by some other person appointed by the directors for the purpose.

Accounts.

62. The directors shall cause proper books of account to be kept relating to-

(a) all sums of money received and expended by the company and the matters in respect of which the receipt and expenditure takes place;

(b) all sales and purchases of goods by the company; and.



(c) the assets and liabilities of the company.

Proper books shall not be deemed to be kept if there are not kept such books of account as are necessary to give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs and to explain its transactions.

63. The books of account shall be kept at the office or, subject to section 147 of the Act, at such other place as the directors think fit, and shall at all reasonable times be open to the inspection of the directors.

64. The directors shall from time to time determine whether and to what extent and at what times and places and under what conditions or regulations the accounts and books of the company or any of them shall be open to the inspection of members not being directors, and no member (not being a director) shall have any right of inspecting any account or book or document of the company except as conferred by statute or authorised by the directors or by the company in general meeting.

65. The directors shall from time to time in accordance with sections 148, 150, 157 and 158 of the Act cause to be prepared and to be laid before the annual general meeting of the company such profit and loss accounts, balance sheets, group accounts and reports as are required by those sections to be prepared and laid before the annual general meeting of the company.

66. A copy of every balance sheet (including every document required by law to be annexed thereto) which is to be laid before the annual general meeting of the company together with a copy of the directors' report and auditors' report shall, not less than 21 days before the date of the annual general meeting, be sent to every person entitled under the provisions of the Act to receive them.

Audit.

67. Auditors shall be appointed and their duties regulated in accordance with sections 160 to 163 of the Act.

Notices.



68. A notice may be given by the company to any member either personally or by sending it by post to him to his registered address. Where a notice is sent by post, service of the notice shall be deemed to be effected by properly addressing, prepaying and posting a letter containing the notice, and to have been effected in the case of a notice of a meeting at the expiration of 24 hours after the letter containing the same is posted and in any other case at the time at which the letter would be delivered in the ordinary course of post.

69. Notice of every general meeting shall be given in any manner hereinbefore authorised to—

(a) every member;

(b) every person being a personal representative or the Official Assignee in bankruptcy of a member where the member but for his death or bankruptcy would be entitled to receive notice of the meeting; and.

(c) the auditor for the time being of the company.

No other person shall be entitled to receive notices of general meetings.



Names, Addresses & Description of Subscribers

Bernard Goldbach

Bernard Goldbach, Mellifont, Caiséal na Rí, Co Tipperary, lecturer ✓

N Plunkett

NOIRIN PLUNKETT, 15 TREES RD, MT MERRION, Co DUBLIN, STUDENT ✓

Colm MacCurtainigh, 25 Cloiginn Park, Ballyfermot.

Dominic Mulloy, 38 Maryville, Ballintemple, Cork. Technical Writer.

Network Engineer ✓

TS McINTYRE, 23 MILITARY HALL, MT. ST. ANNES, DUBLIN 6

Anton O'Leary, 22 Le Grand Canal St., Dublin 2, Co Dublin ✓

Jerry Cassidy, WOODSIDE, KILLALISH, KILTERRAN, CO Wick

Journalist ✓

John M. O'Connell, 10 GLEN GROVE, COOLCOCK, D17.

LEGAL SECRETARY

DATED this 17th day of October 2005.

Witness to the above Signatures:

SIMON M'GARR

Simon McGarr, Trainee Solicitor

McGarr Solicitors

34/35 W. Willow St

Dublin 2

